

FIG. 1

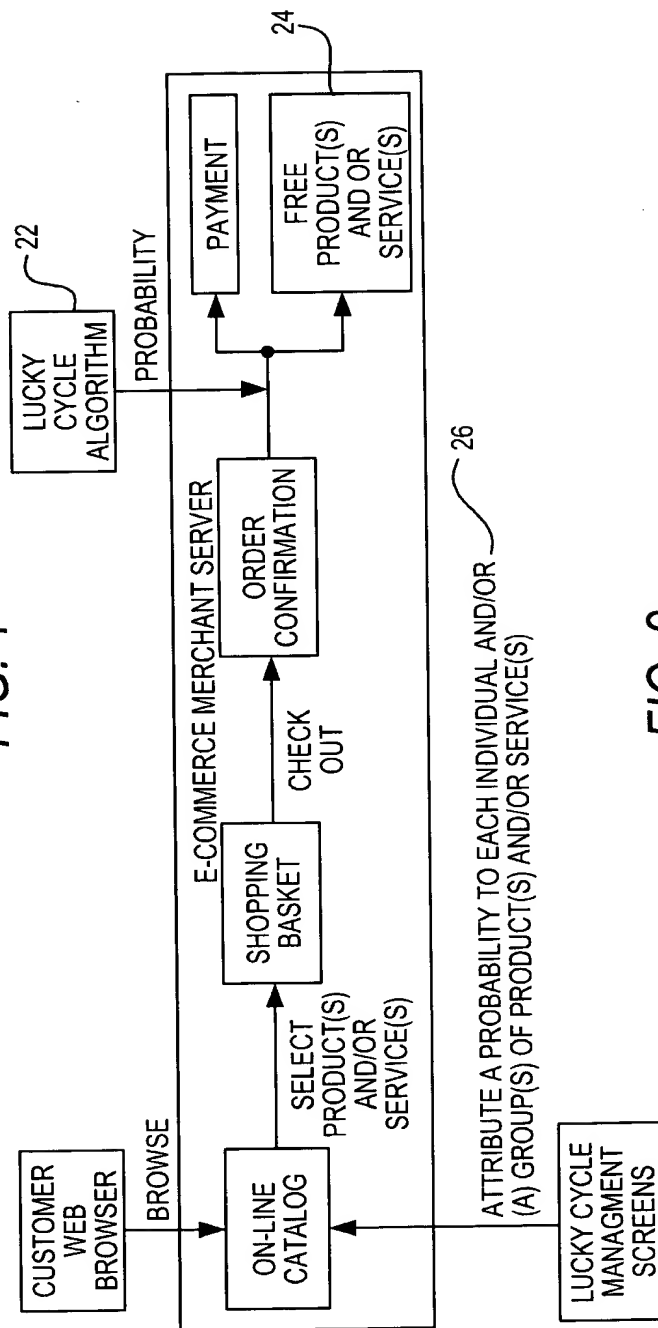


FIG. 2

```

<!--
    Lucky Cycle
    March 2000
    JF MOYERSEN

    Data Entry Form
-->

<html>
<head>
    <title>Lucky Cycle</title>
</head>

<body>
<center>
<font face=verdana size=3><b>Lucky Cycle</b></font><b>
<form action="result.asp" method=post>
<!-- Display of an Error Message, followed by the initialisation of
this Error Message -->
<br><font face=verdana size=2>
Concept invented and registered by Jean-François Moyersoén
<p>&nbsp;</p>
    <table bgcolor="#E0E0E0" border=1 cellpadding=20 width="461">
        <tr><td>
            <font face=verdana size=2 color=red><i><%=
Session("error_message") %>
            <% Session("error_message") = "" %>
            <table width="419">
                <tr>
                    <td colspan=2><font face=verdana size=2><b>Selected
Algorithm :</b></font></td>
                </tr>
                <tr>
                    <td align=right width="162">
                        <input type=radio name="algorithm" value="1" <% If
Session("algorithm") = "1" then response.write(" checked ") %></td>
                        <td width="245"><font face=verdana size=2>The
regular cycle</font></td>
                    </tr>
                    <tr>
                        <td align=right width="162">
                            <input type=radio name="algorithm" value="2" <% If
Session("algorithm") = "2" then response.write(" checked ") %></td>
                            <td width="245"><font face=verdana size=2>The
constant probability</font></td>
                        </tr>
                        <tr>
                            <td align=right width="162">
                                <input type=radio name="algorithm" value="3" <% If
Session("algorithm") = "3" then response.write(" checked ") %></td>
                                <td width="245"><font face=verdana size=2>The
pre-defined list</font></td>
                            </tr>
                            <tr>
                                <td align=right width="162">
                                    <input type=radio name="algorithm" value="4" <% If
Session("algorithm") = "4" then response.write(" checked ") %></td>
                                    <td width="245"><font face=verdana size=2>The
dynamic probability</font></td>
                                </tr>

```

FIG. 3A

```

<!-- #include file="algorithm.inc" -->
<%
    '## Input of the form data if the form is not empty
    '## If this page is referred to by a page other than default.asp,
this form does not exist
    '## and the instruction bloc will not be executed
    If Request.form("n") <> "" or Request.Form("pmax") <> "" or
Request.Form("algorithm") <> "" Then
        Session("n") = Trim(Request.Form("n"))
        Session("pmax") = Trim(Request.Form("pmax"))
        Session("algorithm") = Trim(Request.Form("algorithm"))
    End If

    '## Verification of the selected algorithm
    If Session("algorithm") <> "1" and Session("algorithm") <> "2"
and Session("algorithm") <> "3"
        and Session("algorithm") <> "4" Then Return_Error ("The
algorithm is not correct")

    '## Verification if the value N has been entered
    If Session("n") = "" then Return_Error("N is empty")
    If not Isnumeric(Session("n")) then Return_Error("N is not a
number")
    If Cstr(CLng(Session("n"))) <> Session("n") then Return_Error("N
is not a whole number")
    If CLng(Session("n")) <= 0 Then Return_Error("N must be a
positive number")

    '## Verification of the entered Pmax value
    If Session("pmax") = "" then Return_Error("Pmax is empty")
    If not Isnumeric(Session("pmax")) then Return_Error("Pmax is not
a number")
    If Cstr(CLng(Session("pmax"))) <> Session("pmax") then
Return_Error("Pmax is not a whole number")
    If CLng(Session("pmax")) <= 0 Then Return_Error("Pmax must be a
positive number")

    '## Initialisation of the variables
    nb_articles_won = 0
    Randomize()

    '## Return function to the previous page if an error occurs
    '## the Error Message is stored in the Session("Error_Message")
    Sub Return_Error(p_message)
        Session("Error_Message") = p_message
        response.buffer = true
        response.clear
        response.redirect("default.asp")
        response.end
    End Sub

```

```
'## Display of the results table 5/13
Sub Table()
```

```
    '## Selected algorithm by the Session("algorithm") variable
    Select Case Session("algorithm")
```

```
        '## For each algorithm, the index of the ordered article p
        varies between 1 and Pmax
```

```
        '## For each value p, a function containing the Lucky Cycle
        algorithm is called
```

```
        '## The parameters to be passed to these different
        functions are the cycle n stored in the Session("n") and p
```

```
        '## The result is False if the ordered product is not given
        for free and True if the product is a free gift
```

```
            '## The cell function displays a cell of the table
```

```
            '## The parameters to be passed are the index p to be
            displayed inside the cell and
```

```
            '## the return value of the algorithm that will define the
            background color of the cell
```

```
            Case "1" :          For p = 1 to Session("pmax")
                                Cell p,
```

```
algorithm_1(Session("n"), p)
```

```
                                Next
```

```
            Case "2" :          For p = 1 to Session("pmax")
                                Cell p,
```

```
algorithm_2(Session("n"), p)
```

```
                                Next
```

```
            Case "3" :          For p = 1 to Session("pmax")
                                Cell p,
```

```
algorithm_3(Session("n"), p)
```

```
                                Next
```

```
            Case "4" :          For p = 1 to Session("pmax")
                                Cell p,
```

```
algorithm_4(Session("n"), p)
```

```
                                Next
```

```
        End Select
```

```
    End Sub
```

```
'## Display of the table cell with a result
Sub Cell(index_p, reponse_algorithm)
```

```
    '## If the cell is the first in a serie of 20, the
    following end of line/begin of line tags will be inserted
```

```
    if index_p mod 20 = 1 then
        response.write("</tr><tr>")
    end if
```

```
    '## If the index corresponds to a free product, the
    background and text color will be defined
```

```
    if reponse_algorithm = true then
        bg_color = "red"
        text_color = "white"
```

```
        '## The number of articles won is incremented
        nb_articles_won = nb_articles_won + 1
```

```
    else
```

```
        '## If the product is not offered for free, other colors
        will be used for the display
```

FIG. 4A

```

        bg_color = "white"
        text_color = "black"
    end if

    '## Display of a cell
    response.write("<td align=center bgcolor='" & bg_color &
'">" & _
                    "<font color='" & text_color & "'" face=verdana
size=2>" & index_p & "</td>")

    End Sub

%>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Lucky Cycle</title>
</head>

<body>
<table cellspacing=1 cellpadding=3>
<tr>
    <td colspan=20><font face=verdana size=2><b>Result
Table</b></font></td>
<% Call Table %>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td colspan=20><br><font face=verdana size=2><b><%=
nb_articles_won %> articles on <%= Session("pmax") %> have been won

    <%      '## If the number of articles is different from zero
            If nb_articles_won <> 0 Then %>
                (1 on <%= FormatNumber(Session("pmax")/nb_articles_won,3)
%>)

    <%      End If %>
    <br></b> Theoretical Cycle = <%= Session("n") %>
    <br><br>
    <form action=result.asp method=post>
    <input type=button value="Back"
onclick="document.location.href='default.asp'">
    <input type=submit value="New Simulation">
    </form>
    </font></td>
</tr>
</table>

</body>
</html>

```

FIG. 4B

<%

```
Dim p_won    '## Variable storing the index of the next article that
will be offered free
              '## (or that will be used as a reference for
the dynamic probability algorithm)
```

```
'## All the procedures use the parameters cycle n (cycle_n) and the
index p (index_p)
'## The result of each procedure is a boolean (True if the article is
given free or False in the other situation)
```

'## The regular cycle

```
'## is based on a fixed cycle : after (n-1) articles have been sold,
the nth article is offered free
'## Mathematically, it could be stated that the article is offered free
when
'## index_p Mod cycle_n = constant number between 0 and (n-1)
'## For example : if index_p Mod cycle_n = 0
```

```
Function Algorithm_1(cycle_n, index_p)
    If index_p Mod cycle_n = 0 Then
        Algorithm_1 = True
    Else
        Algorithm_1 = False
    End If
End Function
```

'## The constant probability

```
'## The cycle is based on a constant probability of 1/n
'## Mathematically, this cycle is characterized by the generation of a
random number between 0 and (n-1)
'## If this number equals any constant between 0 and (n-1), then the
article is offered free
'## For example, if the number is equal to 0
```

```
Function Algorithm_2(cycle_n, index_p)
    nb_random = Int(cycle_n * Rnd)
    If nb_random = 0 Then
        Algorithm_2 = True
    Else
        Algorithm_2 = False
    End If
End Function
```

FIG. 5

'## The pre-defined list

```
'## This cycle is characterized by the creation of a predefined list
with all the indexes p that will be future winners
'## This list will be created on regular intervals, depending on the
number of elements defined in the list
'## This list must itself respect the cycle n and as a result the
probability 1/n.
'## The algorithm underneath represents a special case in which the
list contains only one element
'## and is thus rebuild every time n articles have been ordered
'## In this situation, this list is created by randomly assigning a
number between index_p and index_p + cycle_n
```

```
Function Algorithm_3(cycle_n, index_p)
  '## Creation of the list if the article of the index p begins
  with a serie of n orders
  '## this means if the index_p mod cycle_n = 1
  '## Special case : if the cycle_n = 1 then no matter what the
  value is of p,
  '## a list will be recreated (the article is the first of a serie
  of 1 order), when p mod 1 <> 1
  If index_p mod cycle_n = 1 or cycle_n=1 Then
    p_won = index_p + Int(cycle_n * Rnd)
  End If
  '## If the index p is found in the list p_won containing a single
  element, it will be offered free
  If index_p = p_won Then
    Algorithm_3 = True
  Else
    Algorithm_3 = False
  End If
End Function
```

'## The dynamic probability

```
'## This cycle calculates the probability of an order with index p in
function of a winning reference order,
'## that in this case would correspond to a regular cycle (see the
first algorithm)
'## The probability is calculated in function of the index_p and the
winning reference order
'## In the function underneath, we take as a reference list (n, 2*n,
3*n, 4*n, ...)
'## This list can contain any value as long as it respects itself the
cycle n and the probability 1/n
```

```
Function Algorithm_4(cycle_n, index_p)
  '## Initialisation during the first passage of p_won = cycle_n
  If index_p = 1 Then
    p_won = cycle_n
  End If
  '## Calculation of the inverse of the probability
  '## In this case, we take (p_won - index_p + 1)
  Inv_probability = (p_won - index_p + 1)
  '## Generation of a random number between 0 and
(inv_probability -1)
  nb_random = Int(Inv_probability * Rnd)
  '## If the number is equal to 0, the product is offered free
  If nb_random = 0 Then
    Algorithm_4 = True
```



```
        '## The winning reference order takes the following index  
of the reference list  
        p_won = CInt(p_won) + CInt(cycle_n)  
    Else  
        Algorithm_4 = False  
    End If  
End Function  
>
```

FIG. 5B

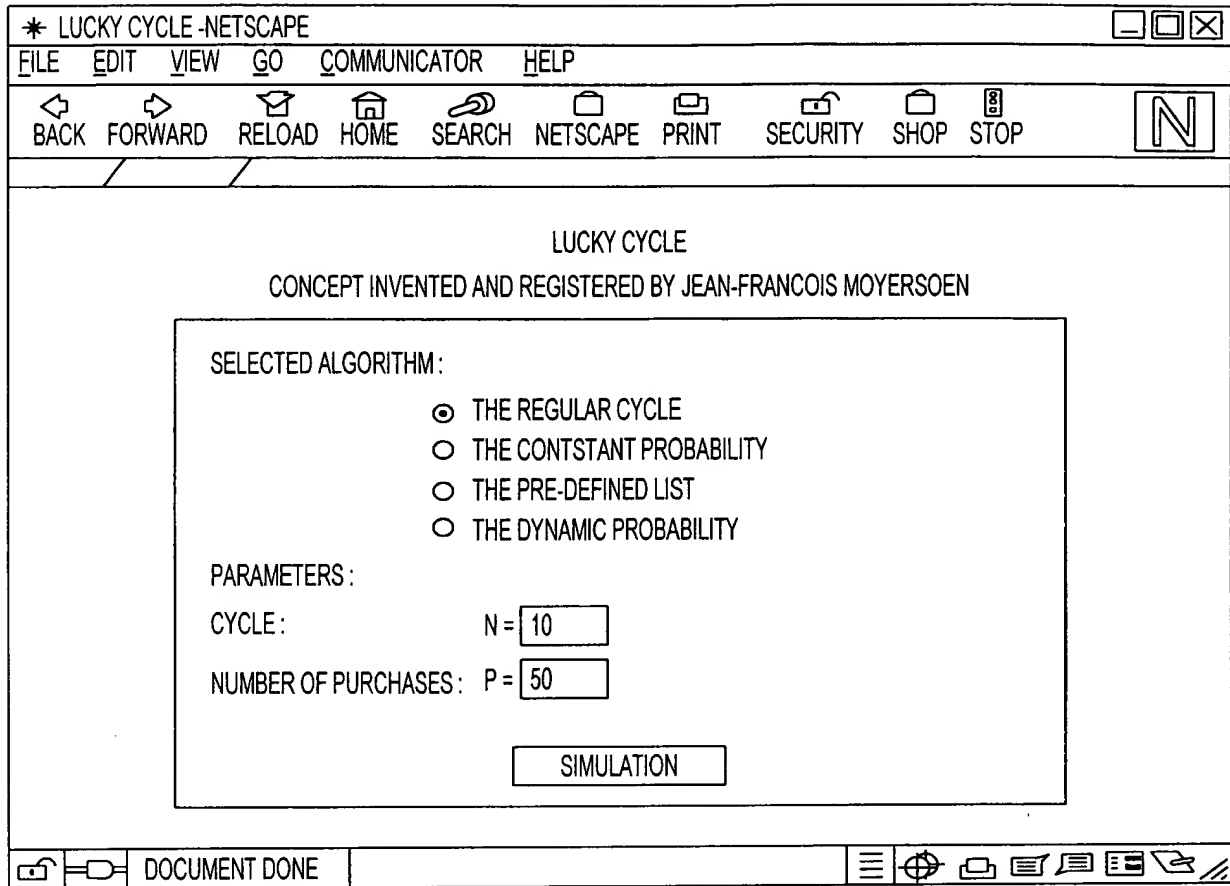


FIG. 6

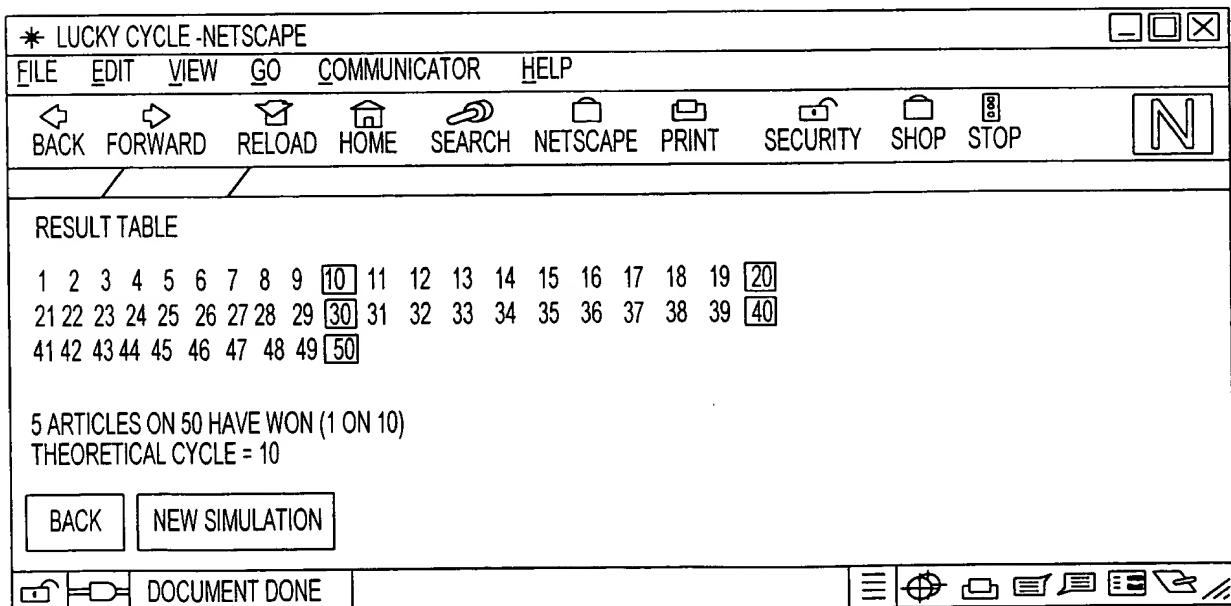


FIG. 7

* LUCKY CYCLE -NETSCAPE

FILE EDIT VIEW GO COMMUNICATOR HELP

BACK FORWARD RELOAD HOME SEARCH NETSCAPE PRINT SECURITY SHOP STOP

LUCKY CYCLE
CONCEPT INVENTED AND REGISTERED BY JEAN-FRANCOIS MOYERSON

SELECTED ALGORITHM:

☐ THE REGULAR CYCLE
☒ THE CONSTANT PROBABILITY
☐ THE PRE-DEFINED LIST
☐ THE DYNAMIC PROBABILITY

PARAMETERS:

CYCLE: N =

NUMBER OF PURCHASES: P =

DOCUMENT DONE

FIG. 8

* LUCKY CYCLE -NETSCAPE

FILE EDIT VIEW GO COMMUNICATOR HELP

BACK FORWARD RELOAD HOME SEARCH NETSCAPE PRINT SECURITY SHOP STOP

RESULT TABLE

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50										

6 ARTICLES ON 50 HAVE WON (1 ON 8.33)
THEORETICAL CYCLE = 10

DOCUMENT DONE

FIG. 9

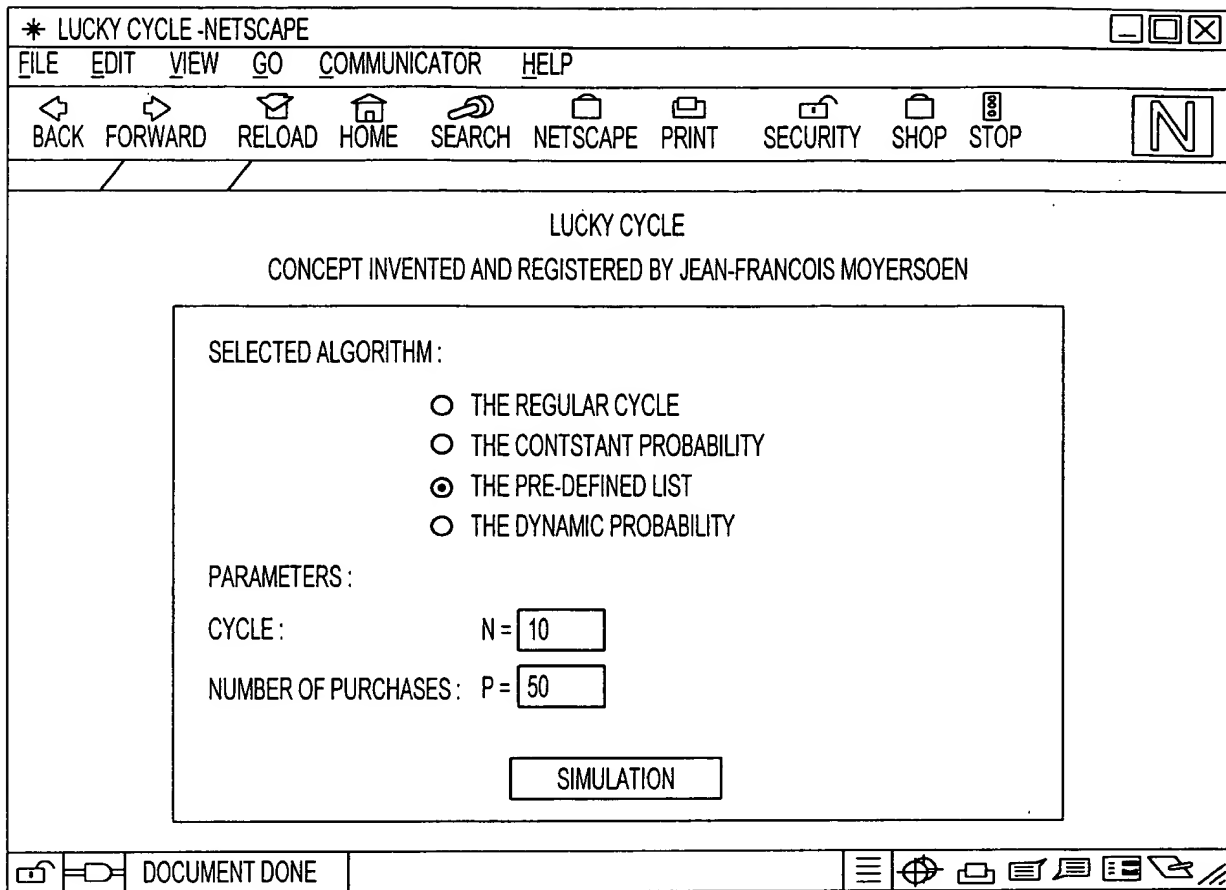


FIG. 10

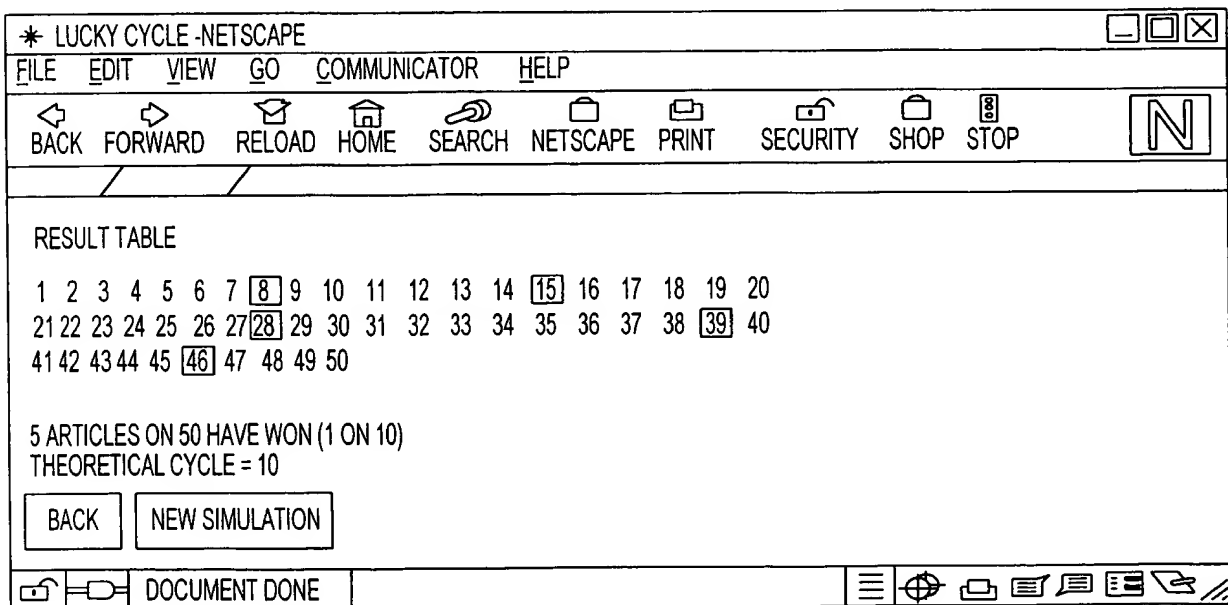


FIG. 11

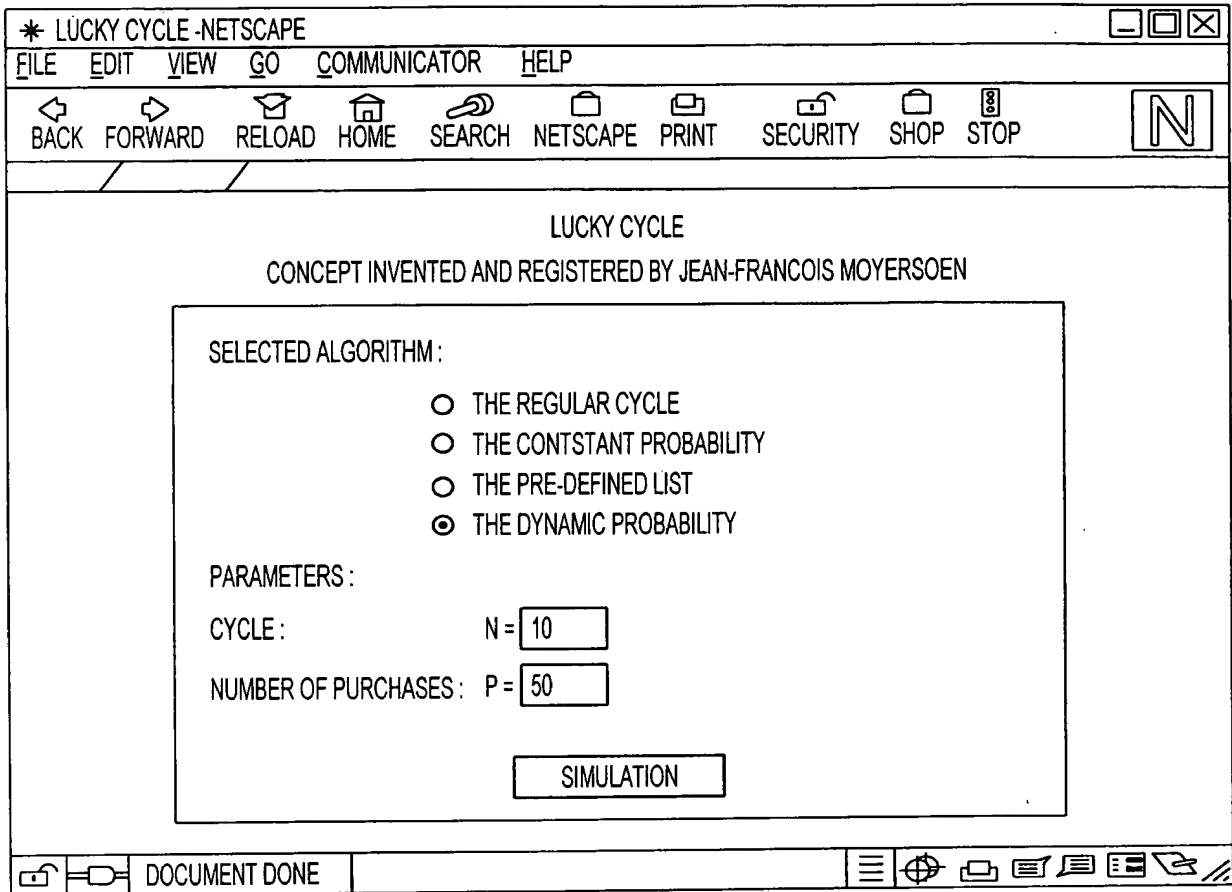


FIG. 12

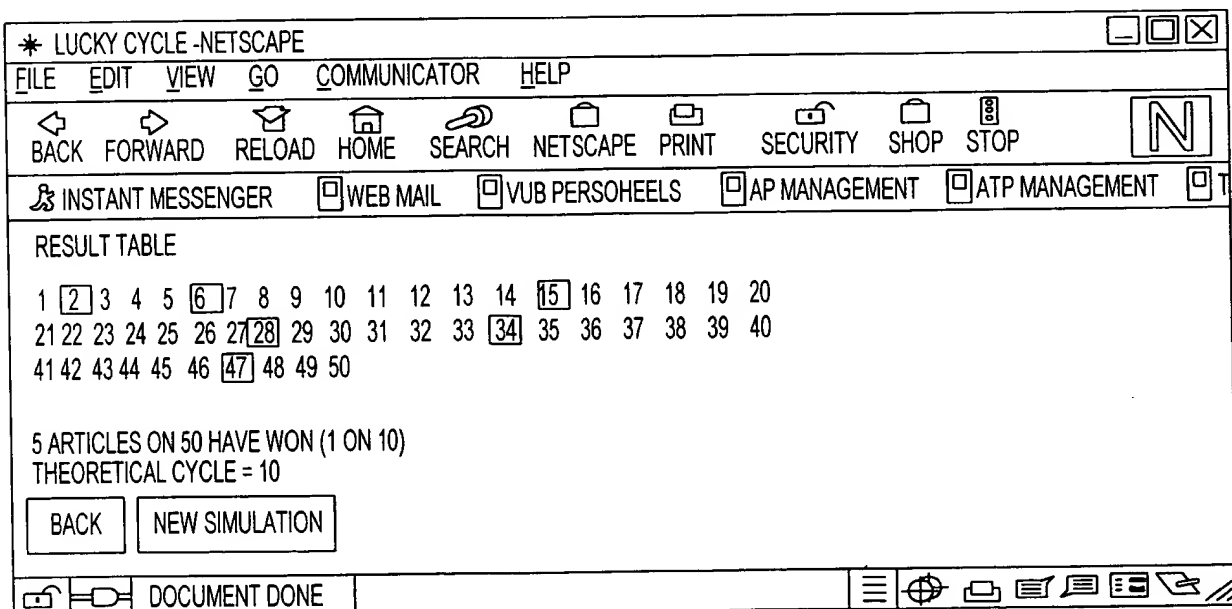


FIG. 13